



SE-6203

B. E. - II (EL) (Sem. - III) Examination

April / May - 2011

Electronics - I

(Old Course)

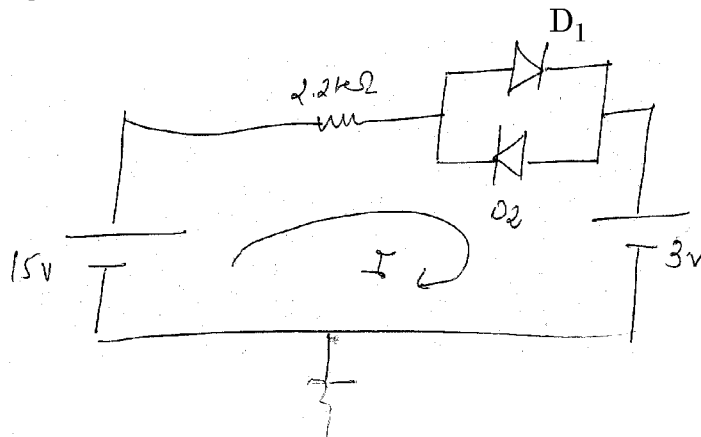
Time : Hours]

[Total Marks :

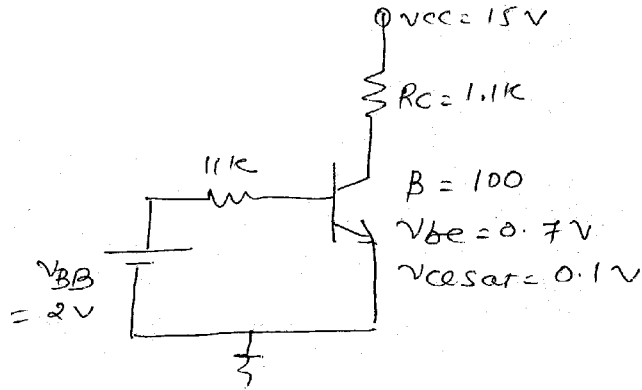
Instruction :

नीचे दर्शावेक निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य लपवी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. : □ □ □ □ □ □
Name of the Examination : B. E. - 2 (EL) (SEM. - 3)	Student's Signature
Name of the Subject : ELECTRONICS - 1 (OLD COURSE)	
Subject Code No. : 6 2 0 3 Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil	

- 1 (a) Answer the following : 10
- (i) What is level and Breakdown voltage ?
 - (ii) What is the value of ripple factor for half wave and full wave rectifier ?
 - (iii) What is valance band and conduction band ?
 - (iv) List the properties of semiconductor material.
 - (v) What is PIN ? Give the value in PIN for half wave rectifier.
- (b) Describe the working of zener diode, Distinguish 5
between zener breakdown and avalanche breakdown.
- (c) Determine the current I in the following ckt and also
give the status of diodes.



- 2 (a) Draw and explain the ckt diagram of bridge rectifier. 8
Also derive the expression for the efficiency.
- (b) For the circuit shown below, 7



Find Q point and draw load line.

OR

- 2 (a) Explain the concept of dynamic resistance in diode. 8
(b) Explain the current flow mechanism in NPN x'tor. 7

- 3 Attempt any **three** : 15
(i) N-type semiconductor.
(ii) π -filter
(iii) Establish the following relationship

$$\beta = \frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha}$$

- (iv) Compare CE, CB and CC configuration.
- 4 (a) Answer the following : 10
(i) Why Q-point in a voltage amplifier is selected in the middle of the active region ?
(ii) Which configuration of amplifier is used for impedance matching ?
(iii) The unit of h_{11} is _____ and h_{22} is _____.
(iv) The operation of JFET involves the flow of _____ carriers.
(v) The saturation drain current I_D in FET is _____.
(vi) True/False : BJT is current controlled device.
(vii) True/False : In Class-C amplifier, Q-point is well beyond the cut-off region.

(viii) The potential divider method of biasing is used in amplifier to make the _____ independent of β .

(ix) Why n-channel FETS are superior to p-channel FETS ?

(x) What is the need of biasing ?

(b) Explain stability factor analysis for common emitter amplifier. **10**

5 (a) Explain direct coupled push-pull amplifier with advantages and disadvantages. **8**

(b) Discuss the effect of temperature on Q-point. **7**

OR

5 (a) Explain n-channel FET and its characteristics. **8**

(b) For the si transistor in figure (1), $h_{fe} = 100$ and **7**

$h_{re} = h_{oe} = 0$. Find h_{ie} , A_i , z_i , z_o .

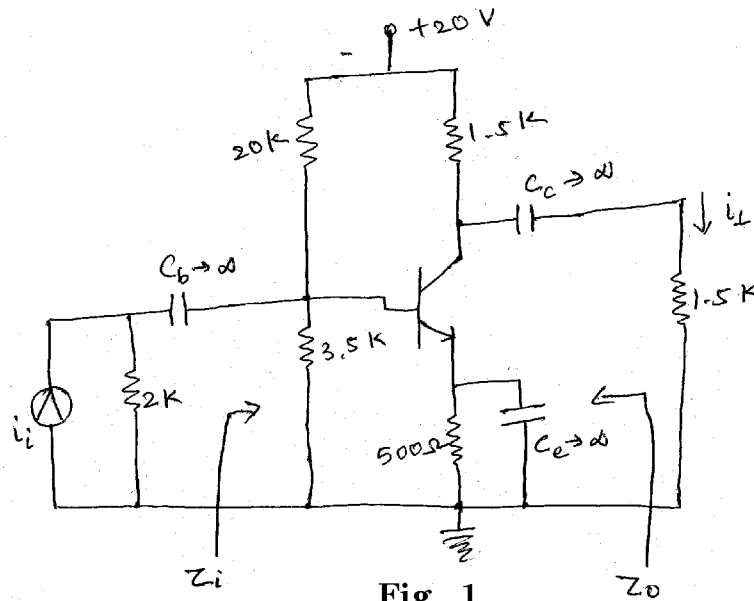


Fig. 1

6 Attempt any two : **15**

(i) Compare BJT and FET and Classify FET devices.

(ii) Temperature compensation using diodes.

(iii) Impedance Reflection in the transistor.